

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No. 22, Vol. 3.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 1863.

Price 6d. or 12 cts.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, APR. 29, 1863.

NEW WESTMINSTER—ITS POSITION, &c.—The following extracts upon this subject are from the "British Columbian and Victoria Directory," a work which we noticed last week:—

"NEW WESTMINSTER, the capital of British Columbia, is situated on the north or right bank of the Fraser River, just above the junction of the north fork and fifteen miles in a general north-eastern direction from the entrance proper; it occupies a commanding and well chosen position, being within an easy distance of the entrance, and having great facilities for wharfage, and along its water front a good depth of water and excellent anchorage."

New Westminster is the only port of entry in British Columbia, and is admirably fitted by its situation to command the trade of the Fraser River. This river in point of magnitude and present commercial importance is second to none on the north-west coast of America. In its entire freedom from risk of life and shipwreck, it possesses infinite advantages over any other river on the coast; and the causes of this immunity from the dangers and inconveniences to which all great rivers exposing themselves on an exposed coast are subject, are sufficiently obvious: a sheltered strait, scarcely fifteen miles across, receives its waters, and the neighboring Island of Vancouver serves as a natural breakwater, preventing the possibility of any sea arising which would prove dangerous to vessels of the smallest class. To the same causes may be attributed in a great measure the fixed and unvarying character of the shoals, through which this magnificent stream pursues its undeviating course into the Straits of Georgia; and there can be little doubt that at no distant period it is destined to fulfill to the utmost the purposes for which Nature ordained it—the outlet for the products of a great country, whose riches in mineral and agricultural wealth are daily being more fully discovered and developed.

The first house in New Westminster was erected by Mr. W. J. Armstrong, on the thirteenth March, 1859, and since that period the growth of the city has fully kept pace with the local requirements and the general development of the country; it now comprises about three hundred buildings, many of them being of a most substantial character, including some fine churches, warehouses, stores and private residences of citizens, the engine house belonging to the Hayek Fire Company, a fine Court House, and other public buildings are worthy of notice. Columbia Street is the principal thoroughfare, and is a magnificent street, ninety-nine feet in width.

The first wharf was constructed by Mr. J. T. Scott, of the Pioneer Saloon, in the Spring of 1859, and since that time the wharfs have been largely extended along the whole business portion of the city front, and substantial sheds and warehouses erected thereon.

It has been asserted that the town site of New Westminster was selected for its military advantages only, which is evidently a mistake. As a commercial position it is beyond a doubt the best that could have been selected, combining as it does all that could be desired, either in a naval, military, or commercial point of view.

THE MYSTERY SOLVED—STARTLING DISCOVERY

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

SIR,—In every age and country great discoveries have been made but seldom, though the results have often been untold blessings to millions of the human race. I have made a discovery which solves a great mystery! Attention to it would save money. Well, what is the discovery and what is the mystery? The MYSTERY is—Why is the lead, or a very prominent part, always taken by some people in conducting public celebrations, or manufacturing such, and in connecting themselves with, or organizing societies? Would their occupation, character or habits lead thinking people to imagine they were particularly noted for loyalty, liberality, or benevolence? What then is the discovery? Now, Mr. Editor, I must own that here I cannot claim originality, though his lordship whose remarks I shall quote but confirms what, doubtless, many often suspected. In an "old country" newspaper just received, there is a report of a trial of a party of men for assault and riot. The following is an extract from the concluding address of one of the presiding justices, and is thus reported:—"Lord ANTRIM said, I wish now to offer a word of advice, which the proceedings of this day show to be much needed, and to give a very explicit caution to the persons to whom this caution applies. Boat races and horse races, so frequently followed by disgraceful results, are got up by the publicans. They offer prizes for these races, get together large crowds to whom they sell large quantities of very bad liquors. The prizes cost them but little, and they make a great deal by the transaction. My honest opinion I now give you, and that is, that these horse races are not got up for your amusement, but for the object I have mentioned. So in future suspect that sort of kindness as displayed by the publicans."

Amen! say I, and let all the people say amen! He's a skookum lord, that Lord Antrim, for Governor for British Columbia.

CANADIAN SHARP PRACTICE.—We wonder whether the following from the Buffalo Courier applies to any of our Toronto manufacturers. If not, probably they will accept the hint contained in it and profit by it:—"A specimen of 'overshooting the mark,' in another direction, is mani-

fest in the working of the Reciprocity treaty with Canada. A Canadian iron founder visits Troy, and selects one of the most saleable of the thousands of stoves constantly in the market. Taking this stove, he pays a thirty per cent. duty as he crosses the line. The stove is handed over to the workmen, who, in a few days, produce a hundred or a thousand fac-similes, using the original as a pattern. Labor and materials being cheaper in Canada than with us, and there being no duty on stoves coming from Canada to the United States, he sends his hundred or thousand fac-similes to our market, and undersells our merchants, at a good profit to himself."—Globe.

New Advertisements.

CITY BAKERY
—AND—
COFFEE SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to his new and commodious establishment on the

Corner of Columbia and Hall Streets, where he hopes to receive from a generous and discriminating public an extended patronage, commensurate with his increased facilities for accommodating them.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Pies and Cakes, supplied at all hours, and at reduced rates.

Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to.

JOSEPH SOREL,
New Westminster, March 3, 1863.

SMITH & MURRAY
BEG LEAVE to call the attention of their friends and the public to the

CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK

FAMILY GROCERIES
which they have just opened, and which they are prepared to sell at the

Lowest Possible Prices,

FOR CASH.
SMITH & MURRAY,
Columbia Street, New Westminster.

R. P. MEAD,
Sign, Fancy and

ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Transparencies, Shades and Screens
PAINTED TO ORDER AND WITH DISPATCH.

Up-country orders solicited.
Office, on Columbia Street.
New Westminster, December 8th, 1862.

Wm. Gillett,
LINEN & WOOLLEN DRAPER!

(In the building lately occupied by the Bank of British Columbia.)
BEGS TO CALL the attention of the public generally to an inspection of his new stock of

Drapery Goods,
consisting of

FRENCH & ENGLISH SILKS,
SHAWLS AND MANTLES,
PRINTS, CALICOES, MUSLINS,
MILLINERY, HOSIERY & GLOVES,
GENTS' CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS.

N. B.—Millinery and Mantles made to order. Wedding orders executed on short notice.

FAMILY MOURNING.

NO CREDIT—CONSEQUENTLY—LOW PRICES.
New Westminster, Dec. 15th, 1862.

W. GRIEVE,
Tailor and Clothier,
Two Doors East of the Colonial Hotel,
Columbia Street.

ALL ORDERS entrusted to his care promptly attended to, and work finished in the latest style.

E. STEVENSON, M. D.,
Licentiate Canada,

HAVING arrived via Overland Route, begs to acquaint the Inhabitants of New Westminster that he has established himself for practice in their City. Office, in the building lately occupied by Barnard's Express.

New Westminster, Oct. 29, 1862.

NOTICE.
THE UNDERSIGNED having purchased of William H. Woodcock the Stock and Store at New Westminster, wishes to inform the Public that he will keep on hand for sale an assortment of

Wines, Brandies, Spirits, &c.,
and will furnish them at VICTORIA PRICES and CHARGES.

L. HOYT.

TO LEASE—Lots suitable for business purposes.

New Advertisements.

R. HANNAH

BEGS leave to call the attention of the Inhabitants of New Westminster and the Public, generally to his new and well selected stock of

Groceries
AND
PROVISIONS,

Lamps, Coal Oil, Fruits, &c.,
all of which he offers

CHEAP FOR CASH.
Columbia street, next door to S. T. Tilley's Book Store.

New Westminster, Nov. 25th, 1862.

LUMBER.
CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster Lumber Yard a large assortment of

Rough and Dressed Lumber,
—ALSO—
DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.

Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.

J. A. R. HOMER.
New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861.

To Civil Engineers!
FOR SALE cheap, and to be seen at Hibben & Carshaw's Branch Book Store, New Westminster, a set of SURVEYOR'S INSTRUMENTS, consisting of

1 Seven inch THEODOLITE, with 2 Telescopes,
1 Y. LEVEL, 16 inch Telescope,
1 CIRCUMFERENTOR, or Compass, with a set of Drawing Instruments and Colors, &c., if desired.

New Westminster, Jan. 26, 1863.

LILLOOET ROUTE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING REFITTED THE

PEMBERTON HOUSE.
FOR THE

Accommodation of Travellers,
WITH
BEDS AND LIQUORS,

AND having engaged the best Cooks on the Pacific Coast, are prepared to furnish the travelling public with all the comforts and luxuries of a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, at greatly reduced rates.

N. B.—Travellers will find it to their advantage to patronize this House, as none but the best of everything will be furnished.

P. SMITH & CO.
Pemberton, Sept. 12th, 1862.

IMPORTANT TO WILLIAMS CREEK MINERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned will be prepared to furnish LUMBER of all descriptions suitable for Building, Fluming, Sluicing, Filling, &c., on Williams Creek and Jack of Clubs Creek, on or before the fifteenth of May, 1863, without delay, as they are erecting a Water Power Mill, that will turn out from ten to fifteen thousand feet of Lumber per day. We hope by giving this timely notice that we may secure the trade and greatly benefit those who may favor us with their patronage, as we will be prepared to furnish Lumber at greatly reduced prices, which all must acknowledge will be of great benefit to the business, as well as the Mining community, in a section of country where Lumber has up to the present time been sold at the enormous price of \$250.00 per thousand, owing entirely to the article having to be whip-sawed and labor commanding such high prices. With the use of this Mill we hope to place all parties wanting Lumber in possession of it immediately, thereby facilitating their mining operations greatly, knowing as all do that business as well as mining has been greatly retarded, from not being able to procure Lumber when most needed. And we hope with the aid of our Mill, together with the Williams Creek Ditch, which will be completed in time to furnish all with water in the Hill Claims and not interfere with the Creek Claims, also, the surplus waters of Jack of Clubs Creek and Ground Hog Lake turned over the divide into Williams Creek, will enable hundreds, if not thousands, who from the scarcity of water without the aid of the above named ditches could not profitably do so, to work their Claims; also the great and beneficial influence which must inevitably accrue to all, both Hill and Creek Claims, from the great and costly bed-rock Flume, being at present partly constructed, for the purpose of carrying off effectually the tailings that must, with the advancement of mining on the whole Creek and hills on both sides of the Creek, naturally fill up and prove a great annoyance, owing to the scarcity of water, there not being a sufficient quantity most of the season running, naturally in Williams Creek to accomplish the great work; but with the assistance of the surplus waters of Jack of Clubs and Ground Hog Lake waters flowing into Williams Creek and the great bed-rock Flume to carry everything through it, will not only prove of incalculable benefit to all, but place Williams Creek beyond the rivalry of any other mining locality in the Cariboo country.

EDWARD GRIFFIN,
JOHN COE,
Proprietors of Wm. Creek Saw Mill.

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Corner of Wharf and Johnson streets,
VICTORIA, V. I.

H. N. DICKSON & Co., London.
Dickson, DeWolf, & Co., San Francisco.

Victoria Advertisements.

THE Royal Insurance Company.

FOR

Fire & Life Insurance.
CAPITAL—Ten Million Dollars!

HEAD OFFICES,—Liverpool and London.

CHAIRMAN,
Charles Turner, Esq., M. P.

DEPUTY CHAIRMEN,
Ralph Brockbank, Esq., & E. Johnston, Esq.

MANAGER AND ACTUARY,
PERCY M. DOVE, ESQ.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE APPOINTED THE UNDERSIGNED their Agents for

Vancouver Island & British Columbia,
and will now accept proposals for Insurance both in the

Fire and Life Departments.
They feel confident that the known Standing and Character of this Office, the sound principles on which it is established and the magnitude of its resources, will obtain for it a fair share of public patronage.

James Dickson, Esq., M. D., has been appointed Medical Examiner to the Life Branch.

ANDERSON & CO.,
Wharf Street.
Victoria, 20th January, 1863.

J. L. JUNGERMANN,
Watchmaker and Jeweller,
YATES STREET, OPPOSITE LANGLEY,
VICTORIA, V. I.

Patent Gold and Silver Watches,
Fully equal to Chronometer Timepieces from the Manufactory of Lange, Dresden, universally acknowledged as the best European make. More than twenty of these magnificent Watches are already disposed of to gentlemen in the city and country, each one giving the most entire satisfaction. WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, COMASSES, SPECTACLES, OPERA GLASSES, &c., &c., constantly on hand.

ST. GEORGE HOTEL.
VIEW STREET,
BETWEEN BROAD & DOUGLAS,
VICTORIA, V. I.

THIS ELEGANT BRICK HOTEL
WILL BE OPEN for the reception of the public, at 7 P. M., on SATURDAY EVENING, October 25th.

The Proprietor having engaged the services of a

SUPERIOR FRENCH COOK,
the Culinary department
CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

Breakfast from 7 A. M. to 12 M.
Table d'Hôte at 6 P. M.
Board per Week, \$12.
Suites of Rooms or Single Rooms on reasonable terms.

Victoria, V. I., Oct. 27th 1862.

EX "N. S. PERKINS,"
COMPRESSED

Meats and Vegetables,
Packed in 10-lb. Tins of cases of 100 lbs. each.

Expressly for British Columbia Trade.

For sale in quantities to suit, by
EDGAR & AIME,
Wharf street, front of Yates.

W. CULVERWELL,
General Agency for the Collection of Rents and Debts.

INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,
Money Loaned on Good Security,
ADVANCES MADE ON LIVE STOCK,
Book-keeping, Documents Copied, &c.

In cases requiring a Power of Attorney, security will be furnished. Office—up stairs, corner Yates and Langley streets, Victoria.

my 24 3m

W. M. SEARBY & J. MOORE,
IMPORTERS OF

Drugs and Chemicals,
PATENT MEDICINES,
PAINTS AND OILS,
WINDOW GLASS, &c.,

GOVERNMENT STREET,
VICTORIA, V. I.

Victoria Advertisements.

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.

CAPITAL, \$1,250,000.
IN 12,500 SHARES, OF \$100 EACH.

WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars, and every facility granted to Traders and others for the transaction of business.

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS issued for money lodged for fixed periods, bearing the following rates of interest:—
On money lodged for 15 days certain, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 3 months certain, at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 6 months certain, at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 12 months certain, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

No partial payment made on these receipts. Interest payable half yearly, and the Principal not due until the expiry of the period for which the money is lodged.

DISCOUNTS AND ADVANCES.—Approved Bills discounted, and Advances made on Bills of Lading; (accompanied by Policies of Insurance, for goods shipped to or from the Colonies.)

DEBTS AND LIABILITIES OF CHARTER issued on Great Britain and the Colonies; also on New York and San Francisco, and Bills on these places purchased or sent for collection.

CREDITS issued on Great Britain, San Francisco, and New York, authorizing payment for Goods shipped from these ports to the Colonies; all such shipments to be insured and hypothecated to the Bank.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES received for safe custody, and 1 per cent. Commission charged on withdrawing the same. Interest and Dividends collected on account of constituents at the rate of one-half per cent. on the amount collected, if payable in Victoria.

Gold Dust and Bars purchased, or advances made on the same.

JAMES D. WALKER, Manager.
New Westminster, September 25, 1862.

STATIONERY
Counting House, Official, Printers

AND FOR GENERAL USES,
Of every conceivable style and quality, STABLE and FANCY.

Wrapping Papers,
Of various sizes, weights, textures, and colors.

Drawing, Lithographic, Cartridge, Blotting, Tissue, Copying, and Tracing Papers and Cloths;

SHEET AND MANUSCRIPT MUSIC.
Sacred, Sentimental and Comic, bound and unbound.

COAST CHARTS, CARIBOO MAPS,
Mathematical Instruments, Gold Pens

Pocket Cutlery.

BOOKS,
SCHOOLS, READING, MISCELLANEOUS, AND ORNAMENTAL.

New Publications
Received as issued by first conveyance.

HIBBEN & CARSWELL,
STATIONER'S HALL.

LANGLEY BROS.,
Importing Druggists,

YATES STREET,
VICTORIA, V. I.

are constantly receiving

Drugs and Chemicals,
Patent Medicines,
Surgical Instruments,
Paints and Oils,
Window Glass, &c., &c., &c.

Just received a large assortment of reliable Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds, which they offer at moderate prices.

G. VIGNOLO & CO.,
No. 2, Reid's Block, Wharf Street.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.
—ALSO—

Importers and Agents for the best brands of French Wines and Liquors, and receive direct shipments of Havana Cigars by every steamer.

SELIM FRANKLIN & CO.,
Auctioneers and Land Agents,
YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

Town Lots for Sale in New Westminster and Victoria.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, APR. 29, 1863.

PARSONDOM, vs. THE PRESS.

To-day we insert a characteristic communication from the Rev. A. Pringle, "Clergyman of the Church of England at Hope." It may be stupidity in us, but we must honestly confess it to be beyond our comprehension. The most we can make of it is, that our style is not suitable; we are too rough, too uncouth, too plain, too colonial, too un-English, for the polished gentleman at Hope. We presume that our style, age and substance too, might admit of improvement, and we are endeavoring, like every honest writer and worker, to improve every day. Doubtless Mr. Pringle will admit as much regarding himself, or if he does not certain we are that his congregation will, if we may judge by the comments made on his style and substance by his hearers when he officiates in this city. It may be very profane in an Editor to contradict a "Minister of the Gospel," but necessity is laid upon us to write the truth at all times, as we have always endeavored to do, and we must therefore most emphatically deny, 1st, that our paper has been the "revolving medium of private feelings, venting themselves in intemperate, undisguised malevolence of the person rather than the principle attacked." Mr. Pringle's *ipse dixit* is no proof.

2nd, That we have ever refused insertion to any vindication of Judge Begbie, sent to us from any quarter.

3d, We deny that Mr. Pringle knows anything whatever of the subject upon which he writes. We deny his right or qualification to act as judge either as regards our style, or the Begbie injustice, or the way in which errors and abuses are shown up in Great Britain. Every one acquainted with Mr. Pringle will bear us out in these denials, and will join us in protesting against the foul and slanderous charges preferred against Mr. Moreland. We may be allowed to sympathize with Judge Begbie upon the unfortunate character and unfortunate advocacy of his friends. The three jurors, *Philo Junius*, D. Moreland, and now the greatest blunderer of all, Mr. Pringle! "Save me from my friends" is too weak an exclamation for him. Can nothing more or nothing better be said on his behalf? Abuse of the *British Columbian* will not clear his skirts. We should, however, not conclude without saying, on behalf of the Church of England in this Colony, for the benefit of those friends in our native land who may read Mr. Pringle's letter in connection with all the circumstances relating to the Begbie case, Cranford case, &c., that all the ministers of that Church, or other Churches, are not to be "classed together." The other Clergymen of that Church have shown themselves to be respectable Christian gentlemen, who exercise their talents and zeal in their own legitimate sphere—not "political parsons," nor unjust and unintelligible censors of the press—nor cowardly, treacherous back-biters. Mr. Pringle will understand the latter clause. We would advise him as a friend to his Church, if it be not too late, to remember the proverb—*Nosce te a Sociis*.

Coast smuggling.—That a very extensive illicit trade has been, and is still, carried on amongst the Indians along our coast can be no secret. The trade is a most lucrative one, and, possessing the charm of a little dash and daring, it is attractive to the numerous desperadoes now in these Colonies. In exchange for the vilest compound called whiskey, but more properly known as "tangle leg," these men obtain large quantities of valuable furs from the poor Indians, cut of which they realize enormous profits, and thus they not only defraud the revenue, but interfere with the legitimate trade. But were this the extent of the evil the case would not be so serious. The injurious effects of the poisonous liquor thus supplied to the aborigines cannot be reckoned by dollars and cents. Demoralization, murders amongst themselves and of whites who may fall in their way, are the certain consequences of this traffic, a traffic which, if permitted to continue, may lead to the most alarming consequences. Even in reference to the sanguinary affray which has just transpired in the Gulf we are told that "the enraged Indians are vowing destruction to the 'Boston' men for the nefarious liquor traffic carried on by them among their tribes." The Collector of Customs, during a recent visit to Victoria, caused the *Devastation* to be dispatched up the coast in quest of some of these smugglers, and there is now a prize in this port with its owner in custody as the first fruits of that cruise. Such cases ought to be visited with the extreme penalty of the law.

LILLOOET FERRY.—We learn that a rope ferry has been completed at Lillooet by Mr. Flynn, who has built a scow 60 feet long capable of carrying several loaded wagons at once, and is found to work admirably. The approaches to the river on both sides have been made on an easy grade, so that loaded wagons can now cross over without any difficulty, thereby rendering a depot on the south side of the Fraser no longer necessary, as trains and teams will go direct to Lillooet and receive their cargoes. This change will not only greatly facilitate the traffic by this route but will prove a material advantage to the town of Lillooet. The new ferry crosses above the little island, being about one-half a mile higher up than the old ferry.

BOONE HELME, an arch villain possessing the reputation of being the greatest ruffian on the Pacific coast, has just been arrested at Yale on a process from Washington Territory and may be expected down by next steamer. He is said to have committed murders in Missouri, California and Washington Territory.

INDIAN DIFFICULTY.—It will be remembered that several whites were recently murdered by Indians near "Plumper Pass," and that one of the gunboats was to be sent in search of the murderers. We learn from our Victoria exchange that the *Forward*, Capt. Lascelles, visited Cowichan last week, and the Commander having reason to believe the murderers were there demanded their surrender, a demand which the natives resisted. They had erected a stockade of logs and loopholed it, and, opening a hot fire upon the gunboat, killed a seaman. The gunboat bombarded the stronghold, firing 360 rounds and killing six or seven Indians, and the result was the capture of two out of the five supposed murderers, and it is expected the other three will also be secured. The accounts given in the Victoria papers are somewhat conflicting and imperfect, and final intelligence is eagerly looked for, both there and here.

THE EVENING EXPRESS is the name of a very neat little daily, the first number of which was issued in Victoria on Monday last. The proprietors and Editors, Messrs. Wallace & Allen, lay down the principles by which they intend being guided in a clear, manly style, altho' we feel disposed to take exception to the assumption that "a majority of the people of these Colonies are from the mother country." We heartily welcome the "little stranger," and hope it will prove a faithful and unwavering ally in the cause of political and religious liberty.

THE ORRIN FAMILY have been amusing our citizens these three nights past. The theatre has been well filled upon each occasion, and every one seems astonished and pleased with the really marvellous feats performed by this family, occasionally perfect showers of coin being thrown upon the stage as a substantial mark of appreciation of the smaller boys. On Monday evening the performance was under the patronage of Colonel Moody, R. E., who, with Mrs. Moody, and his officers, honored the theatre with his presence.

THE STR. Governor Douglas arrived from Victoria on Monday evening, seemingly nothing the worse for accidents. She brought 112 passengers and a full freight, and proceeded up to Yale yesterday. We hope she will be more lucky in future.

New Advertisements.

TO CONTRACTORS!

TENDERS will be received up to 12 o'clock, noon, on Friday, May 8th, 1863, for the erection of a PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH in New Westminster, B. C. Plans and Specifications can be seen daily at the Store of Messrs. Smith & Murray.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. New Westminster, April 28th, 1863. ap29-2in

LOST.

IN THIS CITY, a Note of Hand for \$61.13, payable on the 18th inst., made by J. Bradley, of Port Douglas in favor of Flock & Brownlee. The public are hereby cautioned against negotiating the same.

FLOCK & BROWNLEE. New Westminster, April 21, 1863. ap22-3in

ERNEST PIGHT,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Spirits, Wines, Ales and Segars.

BRANDIES—French, H. & F. Martell, Pilsener and American in bulk and cases;

RUM—Jamaica and other brands;

WHISKEY—Scotch, Irish, Bourbon and Monongahela in bulk and cases;

GIN—Holland in bulk and cases;

OLD TOM—Different brands;

WINE—Port, Sherry, California wines, various brands;

CHAMPAGNE, PORTER & ALES—Different brands;

SYRUPS & BITTERS—All kinds;

HAVANNA SEGARS—Different brands.

ERNEST PIGHT,

New Westminster, B. C.,

Brewer and Maltster,

AND DEALER IN

Brewer Stock;

DISTILLER

AND DEALER IN

DOUBLE REFINED SPIRITS,

40° over proof, superior to any;

—ALSO—

REFINED ALCOHOL

in Tins, 95 per cent.

* * * Chronicle and Colonist please copy. ap15-6m

COLUMBIA HOTEL,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

H. BURR,

Proprietor. ma28-1c

NEW MAPS.

JUST PUBLISHED and FOR SALE at Clarkson & Co's Book Store, Maps of NORTH BENTINCK ARM, and the GOLD REGIONS of BRITISH COLUMBIA; by Lieut. H. S. Palmer, R. E.

New Westminster, March 24th, 1863. ma25-1c

MILK.

THE SUBSCRIBER would inform his customers, and the public, that he will continue regularly to supply the city during the summer season with new milk of the best quality.

S. W. HERRING. Herring's Rancho, 2nd July, 1862. j5-1c

New Advertisements.

WANTED!

A Respectable Married Couple,

to act as Stewards of the ROYAL COLUMBIAN HOSPITAL, New Westminster. Applications to be made till 15th May, at New Westminster, to the Board of Management, or at Victoria to Messrs. Searby & Moore, Government Street.

A. C. LAWRENCE,

Hon. Sec.

Colonist and Chronicle please copy. ap22

BALMORAL SEED STORE

—AND—

Nursery Depot,

FORT STREET.

MY STOCK OF SEEDS, TREES, PLANTS, &c., being now very complete, Farmers and Merchants are invited to call and examine for themselves. Country and British Columbia Merchants supplied at the lowest wholesale rates.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS & MACHINES.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having been appointed Agent for some of the Largest Importers and Best Manufacturers of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS & MACHINES in San Francisco, is prepared to supply all sorts of Agricultural Implements and Machines at a small advance on San Francisco prices. Parties wanting Patent Hay Presses, Mowing and Reaping Machines, Fanning Mills, Ploughs, Harrows, Scythes or any other Implement or Machine will do well to send their orders. Parties ordering will require to remit with the order about one-fifth of the value of the machine to pay Freight.

J. BEGG.

ap18-1c Balmoral Nursery Depot, Fort St., Victoria.

Municipal Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the owners of Lots in New Westminster that they are required to clear the standing timber, logs, brush and all inflammable material from their Town Lots on or before the 4th day of May.

All Lots remaining uncleared after that date will be cleared at the expense of the owners.

By order, VALENTINE HALL,

Town Clerk. New Westminster, April 7, 1863. ap11

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,

Government Street,

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND

N. C. MATTHIESSEN,

P. MATTHIESSEN,

H. VALENTINER, } PROPRIETORS.

THIS CAPACIOUS AND ELEGANT HOTEL is now open for the accommodation of the public. It is fitted up with all the conveniences of a

FIRST CLASS HOUSE,

the rooms being well lighted, warmed and ventilated, and tastefully furnished. There is a large

PUBLIC RESTAURANT

connected with the Hotel and a Ladies' Ordinary. It also contains Private Parlors, Suites of Rooms for parties, &c.

The Culinary Department

is under the management of a First Class Cook, and the Bakery is provided with one of the celebrated HAMBURG OVENS, which turns out bread unsurpassed by any in the world. Families supplied with bread at the counter of the Restaurant. ap-1c

FURNITURE WAREHOUSES!

COLUMBIA STREET,

New Westminster.

G. R. ASHWELL,

IMPORTER & GENERAL DEALER IN

FURNITURE, BEDDING &c.,

Having made arrangements for the importation of goods in bulk, DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO, is prepared to supply the market at VICTORIA PRICES, duty only added. He would call the attention of the people of the interior to the fact that he will keep constantly on hand goods suitable for the trade, in the original packages, so as to save freight and tonnage dues.

Orders from Up-country are invited, and will receive prompt attention. New Westminster, April 3, 1863. ap4

CUNNINGHAM BROTHERS,

Columbia Street, New Westminster,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

British and American

Hardware and Cutlery,

Agricultural Implements,

Stoves, Tinware, Crockery, Paints,

Oils and Window Glass.

New Westminster, April 3, 1863. ap4-1c

A RARE INVESTMENT!

A First Class Hotel,

Completely furnished, together with the

GOOD WILL

—OF THE—

BEST BUSINESS IN THE COLONY.

For Sale in the thriving Town of

LILLOOET.

Terms—Half cash, and the balance in Six Months from date of purchase.

For further particulars apply at this office, or to J. Herkimer, proprietor, on the premises. Lillooet, Feb. 5th, 1863. fe25-1c

New Advertisements.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Partnership lately subsisting between THOMAS CUNNINGHAM and GEORGE R. ASHWELL, both of this City, under the firm of CUNNINGHAM & ASHWELL, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All Debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by said G. R. Ashwell, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.

THOMAS CUNNINGHAM,

G. R. ASHWELL.

D. Ross, Witness. New Westminster, April 3, 1863. ap4-1m

CLARKSON & CO.,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER

ARE IMPORTING direct from England and Eastern

Markets,

English and American Novels,

Bound Books, comprising all the Standard

Works,

POETRY AND FICTION,

a fine assortment of

Family and Small Pocket Bibles,

Wesleyan Hymn and Presbyterian Psalm Books,

Catholic and Church of England Prayer and

Hymn Books.

STATIONERY.

Blank Cards of every description and color, Foolscap, Folio Post, Letter and Note Paper of every size and quality, all sizes and colors of Envelopes to suit the various descriptions of paper.

—AND—

Memorandum and Blank Books,

Consisting of Metallic Note-Books, Pass and Cargo

Books, Tune Books, Tuck Memorandums, of all

kinds and sizes, Ledgers, Journals, Cash and

Day Books, full and half bound, Red, Blue,

Black, and Indelible Inks, in bottles

of all sizes, Steel and Quill Pens,

Sealingwax, of all colors,

Seals, Red Tapes, and

Every other Article in the Stationery Line.

Musical Instruments.

(DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO.)

Guitars, Banjos, Violins, Accordions, Flutes, Clar-

ionets, Flutes, etc., etc.

Newspapers and Periodicals.

The latest Newspapers of the day received from all parts of the world, if required. All British and American Reviews, Magazines, Periodicals, and New Novels, by the best Authors, received by every steamer.

Maps, Plans, &c.

Plans of all the Cities and Towns on the Fraser River, Maps of Cariboo and the whole country West of the Rocky Mountains.

All of the above will be sold at Victoria prices, with the duties added.

Orders from the Upper Country punctually attended to.

Orders for articles not in Stock, can be obtained with the utmost dispatch.

New Westminster, March 18, 1863. ma21

THE

COLONIAL HOTEL

—AND—

RESTAURANT.

FRONT STREET,

FORT YALE, B. C.

—AND—

THE ABOVE ESTABLISHMENT, having been newly

fitted up at a great expense, is ready for the reception of the public.

The BAR will contain the choicest Liquors, while the TABLE will be constantly supplied with the substantial as well as the delicacies of the season.

N. B.—Good, clean Sleeping Apartments connected with the Hotel.

L. DAVISON,

Manager. ma28-1c

NOTICE!

ALL PERSONS are hereby cautioned against purchasing or otherwise intermeddling with any interest, of what nature or kind soever, from A. D. OSBORNE, or from any person on his behalf, of, in or to any interest or share in that certain Mining Claim, known as the "Canadian Claim," below the Canyon on Williams Creek, Cariboo, adjoining Barker, Hankin & Co. and J. Rowley & Co. below, and Foster, Campbell & Co. above, I having long since purchased the said A. D. OSBORNE's interest in said Claim.

SILAS E. CRANE, M. D.

New Westminster, B. C., March 31st, 1863. ap1-1m

W. J. ARMSTRONG,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

IMPORTER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

HARDWARE, CROCKERY,

GLASSWARE, AND

Oilman's Stores,

Would call the particular attention of Up-river Merchants, Steamboat Owners and others to his Stock, and ascertain the prices before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Fresh Garden Seeds Just received and for sale.

W. J. ARMSTRONG. New Westminster, March 27th, 1863. ma28-1c

New Advertisements.

LOCHLOMOND HOUSE!

AT THE

Seventy-four-mile Post

ON THE

Lillooet-Alexander Road.

THE PROPRIETORS call the attention of travellers to Cariboo to this House, which is just opened for the travelling public, where Good Meals can be had at all hours, with all the delicacies of the season.

THE BAR

will contain CIVILITY, and the best

LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

This is the first house within 15 miles where good water can be obtained, and, being 27 miles above the Junction, affords a comfortable and convenient stopping place.

Packers, Stagers and Teamsters are informed that they will find good stabling and the best of provender, as well as an excellent run for cattle on the grounds. The strictest attention will be paid to the comfort of those who may patronize the Lochlomond House.

McMURPHY & GRANT, Lochlomond, British Columbia, March, 1863. 1c

EXPRESS.

DIETZ & NELSON'S

British Columbia & Victoria Express,

CONNECTING AT VICTORIA WITH

Wells Fargo & Co.,

FOR

CALIFORNIA, OREGON, ATLANTIC

STATES & EUROPE;

AND AT YALE AND LILLOOET WITH

BARNARD'S CARIBOO EXPRESS,

FOR

Cariboo and the Northern Mines,

CONVEYING Treasure, Valuables, Letters, Packages

and Parcels;

PURCHASING of Drafts and Bills of Exchange from

Wells Fargo & Co., and other Banking

Houses;

COLLECTING Drafts, Notes of Hand, Debits, &c.;

EXECUTING Commissions, Orders, Enquiries;

FORWARDING of Merchandise, Packages, Parcels, &c.;

ATTENDING to the Registration of Mortgages, Deeds,

and other Documents, the Assaying of

Gold Dust, Silver and other Ores;

PARTICULAR attention given to the purchasing of

Goods at New Westminster, B. C., and

Victoria, V. I., on the most favorable

terms, and shipping to destination;

LANDING WARRANTS Prepared and Goods passed

through the Custom House without

delay.

New Westminster, March 13th, 1863. ma14-1c

DOUGLAS PORTAGE.

THE

Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

This Journal is the only newspaper published in British Columbia; it is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for this Colony. W. E. STEIN, in Victoria, and Theo. Bove, in San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, APR. 29, 1863.

LATER FROM CARIBOO.

Mr. Thomas Newton left Richfield on the 15th, arriving at Lillooet in 64 days and in this city 11 days. He informs us that the snow was 5 feet deep when he left, having fallen 10 inches the morning he left. The weather had been mild, causing the snow to thaw and affording water for working claims; but it subsequently became cold and snow fell freely. The work was still being vigorously carried on in several of the claims, and the yields continued very large. On the 14th the Hard Curry Company washed up 302 pounds and 7 oz. The jumping excitement continued on the flat, where about 250 men were busily engaged in sinking shafts, and where a town is rapidly springing up which it is believed will very shortly exceed Richfield town. Nine large buildings were in course of erection and many number in contemplation. Carpenters and sawyers are all busy at high wages. There were 700 men on the creek when Mr. Newton left, and it is his opinion that number must be increased to 2000 by this time, judging by the number he met on the way. Provisions are not very abundant at \$1, and other things in proportion, with the exception of the article of tobacco, which was selling at \$5 per pound. The traders had decided to raise flour to \$1.25 on the 16th. Freight from the Forks of Quesnelle to Richfield was 70 cts. a pound, and has to be carried by Indians and whites. The snow had entirely disappeared from the North Fork Bridge downwards, and the road was very muddy in many places. The laden animals were sinking very deeply on the wagon road, as it was soft on account of the frost having just come out. Major Hatcher's train had arrived at the Forks, and a great number of trains were on the way. It seems to be the prevailing opinion that there will not only be a fearful amount of litigation on Williams Creek this season, but that there will in all probability be bloodshed, arising out of the jumping of claims, which has been carried to a wonderful extent; and where a claim is known to contain such enormous quantities of gold, neither party is likely to give way very quietly, and it is extremely probable these disputes may end fatally unless precautionary measures of a thorough character be immediately organized.

ANGLICAN MISSIONARY MEETING.

A public missionary meeting, under the auspices of the Anglican Church, was held in the Hyack Hall on Saturday evening. Colonel Moody, R. E., in the Chair. The principal speakers were the Rev. A. C. Garrett, Principal of Indian Missions at Victoria, Rev. J. Sheepshanks, Rector of Holy Trinity Church, Attorney General Crease, Mr. Holbrook and Mr. Armstrong. The Chairman called upon the Rev. J. Sheepshanks to address the meeting. The rev. gentleman proposed the following resolution:

"That in the opinion of this meeting the state of the Indian tribes of British Columbia is much to be lamented, and calls loudly upon a rapidly increasing Christian population for sympathy and improvement."

In the course of his remarks the rev. gentleman pointed out how our own ancestors had once been wrapped in a similar darkness to that which is now spread over the benighted natives of this Colony, and how it required years of patient toil to subdue the rugged Saxon, and bring him within the circle of christianity and civilization. What had been done once might be done again. He then described the great success which had attended the labors of Mr. Wm. Duncan at Fort Simpson, where about one thousand Indians have abandoned their old homes and habits, and established a Christian village about 30 miles from the Fort. After explaining many interesting points in the native superstitions of these strange people, he concluded by pressing the resolution upon the practical regards of the meeting. The Chairman then called upon the Rev. A. C. Garrett, Principal of the Indian Mission at Victoria. The rev. gentleman repeated many of his experiences while laboring among the Indians of Vancouver, who are similar in many respects to those of the Fraser. He told many interesting anecdotes and legends illustrative of Indian belief and superstition, which at times convulsed the audience with laughter, and again aroused the keenest sympathy. He dwelt upon the fearful havoc caused amongst them by the vices of the civilized and by that dread and awful malady the small-pox. He pointed out the great and crying necessity which exists for the establishment of Missions, Schools and Industrial institutions amongst them, and urged upon the meeting the claims of the aborigines upon their protection and sympathy.

Attorney General Crease then rose and proposed the following resolution:

"That this meeting desires respectfully but earnestly to urge upon the Bishopp on the eve of his departure for England, the condition and the wants of the perishing aborigines of this Colony. The flourishing Mission at Fort Simpson, under the care of Mr. Wm. Duncan, is itself sufficient proof of what may be done, under the blessing of God, by zealous and devoted men. At many other points of this vast Colony native tribes exist, as numerous and as much in need of Christian teaching as those at Fort Simpson. Before the advance of civilization however the natives are fading away with alarming rapidity. Intoxication, disease, and vice of every kind are doing their deadly work, and ere many years have passed the red man will, in all human probability, have ceased to be. Therefore this meeting would humbly crave for him a prominent and special place in the pleadings of His Lordship before the British public; in the hope that the sympathy of Christian Britain may be so enlisted in his favor as to lead to the adoption of some special means for his amelioration."

The learned gentleman in the course of his

interesting remarks dwelt upon the happy effects which he had witnessed in Canada and elsewhere under the management of the Moravian Missionaries. He was convinced that similar effects might be produced here if only the means were employed. He therefore hoped that the Bishop's appeal might be so supported by the voice of British Columbia as to enable him to adopt extensive measures for the improvement of the aborigines. Mr. Holbrook, President of the Town Council, seconded the resolution in an appropriate manner.

Mr. Armstrong then rose and proposed that the Rev. J. Sheepshanks, Mr. Crease and Mr. Armstrong be appointed a Committee to draft an address to the Bishop, containing the above resolution. Seconded by Mr. Cormack, and carried. In seconding the above resolution Mr. Cormack took occasion to allude to the arduous and successful labors of the Rev. Mr. Fougnet and other Roman Catholic Missionaries amongst the Indians, and especially in this vicinity, expressing his regret that none of the speakers of the evening had noticed this feature of the case. He also alluded to the fact that these devoted men had vaccinated upwards of 12,000 Indians on the Lower Fraser, which had no doubt checked the ravages of the small pox amongst us, and the establishment of the St. Mary's Mission where they are rapidly organizing all the machinery of an "educational and industrial establishment," in which the children are taught not only the usual branches of an English education but also agriculture, and other industrial arts, and at which there are at present 24 boys in attendance, many of them displaying a most extraordinary capacity for learning. Mr. Sheepshanks, in explanation, said that as the meeting was one under the auspices of their own Church, the resolutions and remarks were properly and necessarily confined to the schemes and operations of that Church, but at the same time he admitted the usefulness of the Missionaries alluded to, especially in the matter of vaccination. He also stated that during his tour through the interior last year, he had vaccinated all the Indians he could find with the exception of the two encampments where they refused, and he had since learned that the ravages of the disease had been confined to these Indians. Mr. Garrett also paid a very handsome compliment to the Roman Catholic Missionaries on the Lower Fraser, stating that he had no doubt we were indebted to them for the immunity from the ravages of that terrible disease which we have happily enjoyed.

In closing the meeting Colonel Moody took occasion to express his deep anxiety for the welfare of the Indian tribes, and expressed an earnest hope that that meeting was but the first of a series which would result in the inauguration of some practical and comprehensive scheme for the amelioration of the present deplorable condition of the aboriginal tribes of this country. He said it had long been the subject of the deepest thought with himself, and he trusted the time had now arrived when the matter would take a more practical turn, and that every man claiming to be Christian would be found ready and willing to do his duty. A vote of thanks to the Chairman was then unanimously carried, and the meeting adjourned.

It cannot but have struck every thoughtful mind that, considering the interest which His Excellency the Governor professes to take in the welfare of the Indians, he should not have given such a meeting at least the countenance of his presence.

THE TEMPERANCE MEETING came off in fine style on Monday evening. The audience was large. The Rev. R. Jamieson, as Vice-President, presided. The Rev. J. Sheepshanks opened the meeting with prayer, after which the chairman introduced the lecturer, the Rev. A. C. Garrett, who in a very able and impressive speech kept the audience transported with interest for about an hour, at one time causing the eye to fill with tears at the recital of some touching incident, and again producing convulsions of laughter by some droll witicism. After Mr. Garrett had got through, the chairman called upon the Rev. Mr. Sheepshanks who responded by a very interesting address, and after a little cross-firing, which was immensely enjoyed by the audience, the meeting was closed by Mr. Garrett pronouncing the benediction.

THE OVERLAND ROAD.—In a letter dated Quebec, 10th March, received by a gentleman in this city, the Hon. Malcolm Cameron, in alluding to the overland route, says: "There is no doubt that Canada will give a guarantee for the £5000 a year to make a wagon-road and telegraph hence to the West, which was a plan suggested when I was in England, and if we succeed the thing will be done through to New Westminster in two years."

We also learn that the two Houses had presented him with addresses, signed by every member, excepting two, thanking him for his trip to the Pacific and his speeches in England, and stating that he had done the Provinces the greatest possible service.

THE GOVERNOR INSPECTS THE FIRE ENGINE.—His Excellency, accompanied by Col. Moody, R. E., visited the Hyack Engine House yesterday, where he was received by the Hyack Company, and proceeded to inspect the new engine, with which he expressed himself much pleased. They submitted the machine to a variety of tests which were satisfactory, and at the close gave three cheers for Governor Douglas and as many for Colonel Moody. His Excellency returned the compliment by ordering three baskets of champagne.

ACCIDENT TO THE ENTERPRISE.—We regret to learn that this steamer sustained considerable injury the other day from running upon a reef of rocks in Bute Inlet. We are surprised Captain Mount would risk so valuable a vessel in such dangerous navigation. She has to go on the ways for repairs. The other came up in her place last night, bringing 85 passengers.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS for the week ending 25th April, 1863: Duties, £1990 17 5; Head Money, £55 12 0; Tonnage Dues, £203 3 6; Warehouse Fees, 4s. 0d.; Harbor Dues, £22 12 7. Total, £1572 9 6, or \$7862 38. Number of passengers during same period, 278.

OPENING OF THE NEW CHURCH AT YALE.

Sir,—The new church lately erected by our enterprising citizens, Messrs. Tyndall & Burgess, does credit not only to their skill, but is also an ornament to our town from whatever point it may be viewed. From the river it attracts the eye and at once reminds the stranger of home and its many happy associations. It is built in the Gothic style, on a site commanding an extensive view, and of easy access from all parts of the town. On Sunday last, April 19th, the church was opened by the Ven. Archdeacon Wright, M. A. Prayers were read by the incumbent, the Rev. H. Reeve, assisted by the Rev. A. C. Garrett, and A. D. Pringle. The opening sermon was preached by the Archdeacon, who in a most appropriate and touching discourse urged upon his hearers the duty and pleasure of carrying religion out to its end and proper consequences as a part of their daily habit, conversation and business. The congregation was good, the services hearty and the interest of all was sustained until the last. In the evening prayers were read by the Ven. the Archdeacon, and the sermon was preached by the Rev. A. C. Garrett, B. A., Principal of the Indian mission, Victoria. The attendance was not quite so large as in the morning, owing to the arrival of the steamer the same afternoon. However, the same characteristic of heartiness was sustained both by preachers and congregation. Mr. Garrett setting before his hearers in the most powerful manner the many diversified aspects of the Saviour's tender care for His people. The aggregate collection, for both morning and evening, amounted to \$28.

PROGRESS.

HAY BURNED.—We regret to learn that a Mr. Marks lost \$1,500 worth of hay by fire at the Chilliwack a few days ago.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

Sir,—As a resident in the Colony and subscriber to the *British Columbian*, and as one who would wish it to appear more fair than foul in the eyes of its readers here and in England, I am impelled I fear into a fruitless act, viz, addressing you on the subject matter of the *British Columbian* for some time past. Brevity being the soul of wit, I will be brief. (?) And that you may have no excuse for pursuing the unwarranted act, of showing up the names of persons whom you suppose have written letters distasteful to you, I append my name. You have boasted your willingness to give space to all sides in your columns, when you acted the part of an inquisitor regarding some Canadian statements to a Canadian paper about the Colony. I hope your sense of justice may be sufficient to admit one protest at least to the manner in which the Begbie affairs have been handled throughout in your paper. The Editor of a paper, sir, and a minister of the Gospel do not in some occasions occupy positions so very different as the style of writing which you have adopted would lead everyone to suppose. They have each great responsibilities—differing in degree. What would be thought of any public teacher if he indulged in public invectives, couched in terms now too common in the *British Columbian*? Is it the object of a paper to discriminate truth and to expose error in such a way as to bring good out of evil, or is it to be the revolting medium of private feelings venting themselves in intemperate, undisguised malevolence of the person rather than of the principle attacked. But I must be brief. Judge Begbie is considered to have acted a blame-worthy part, as a judge, in receiving land under any circumstances from Moreland, Cox, or any other foreigner. But, sir, you must be perfectly aware that Mr. Moreland and all his abettors are propagating shameless falsehoods when they endeavor to fix the transaction on the Judge as a gift. Who is to be believed, a judge who appeals to documentary evidence in attestation of a statement, or the absurd effusion of Mr. Moreland? Absurd is a mild term.

In the matter of holding claims I must also ask, or demand, on grounds of justice, space to set your late charges. I saw the draft to which allusion has been made in your paper. If you or any man can bring your charges home on that evidence, I can only say Heaven save us from your justice and every one who takes your view. The draft did not bear Judge Begbie's name or endorsement. I think it was written in his hand and drawn on some one of the same name, but there is no evidence to go on here to justify your charges and attacks. There is one solution which is a fair and just one. Judge Begbie may have lent the money to a friend. Such transactions are common enough. And the more I think over it the more it seems to me we are bound to weigh the acts of a judge not only very carefully and nicely, but fairly.

The Cranford case has like others been used as capital in your paper. I forbear to make any remark on it. But I may ask whether any explanation or statements were sent to you for insertion, and declined. I ask this because I think the friends of Judge Begbie might have been expected to come forward when the attacks were so frequent and abusive, and I think it possible that such statement has not reached the public.

My object for not saying anything in the Cranford case is one which would keep a great many persons silent. I do not think the columns of the *British Columbian* the proper vehicle for impeaching a judge. The proper course to have adopted would have been to have called together a body of persons who might be supposed to have some interests at stake in the Colony, and to have asked the Home Government for an inquiry into the whole case. A petition of this kind, one of the most solemn things which could be sent to the Home authorities, to carry weight, should have shown more than a few names—those names should have been well known—and when it was sent, comment, at least such as the *British Columbian* has made, should have been withheld.

In your last issue we have such a phrase as, "the painted, jewelled harlot again exhibited, adorned in all the habiliments of Justice." If, sir, there is one course more likely than another to perpetuate injustice and sole power in any Colony it would be found in that which your paper is adopting. Show up abuses and errors, but do not subscribe to your paper have most of us come from Great Britain, where we are accustomed to have errors and crimes, blunders and failings, shown up, but shown up with purity

of language and force of reason and argument, not outrage and abuse. If these papers go to our native land it is not right that our friends should that we are not all to be classed together who dwell in British Columbia in the manner of dealing with public men and public questions.

A. D. PRINGLE,

Clergyman of the Church of England at Hope.

BIRTH.

At the Wesleyan Parsonage, Nanaimo, on the morning of the 22nd inst., the wife of the Rev. E. White of a son.

New Advertisements.

GOVERNMENT BAKERY
—AND—
FAMILY GROCERY.

P. HICK

Begs leave to thank the citizens of New Westminster for their liberal patronage, and respectfully intimates that he is now selling off his entire stock of Groceries, &c., at VICTORIA PRICES, as he intends closing business about the 15th April next.

All persons indebted to the undersigned are requested to settle immediately; likewise persons holding claims against him will please present the same for payment.

P. HICK.

New Westminster, March 24th, 1863. ma25

ANDERSON & CO.

WHARF STREET,

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND,

HAVE NOW IN STOCK, AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING (being the sole Agents in these Colonies for many of them) the following—

PORTER—Byass' well known and liked bottling, Friend's do. do. do. Tennent's XX Scotch do. do. do. **ALE**—Byass', Allsopp's, Hibbert's, Tennent's, and Bass', in quarts and pints, glass and stone bottles; **BRANDY**—Hennessy's Pale, in 1 cks. and hds., Martell's do. do. and Dark, in 1 cks. Tribot Fil's do. do. Henery's Champagne Cognac in case, Moutier's do. do. Tribot Fil & Co.'s do. do. **WHISKY**—Crawford's Royal Highland in 1 cks. Stewart's, Sancel Paisley, in cases and 1 cks. **GIN**—Orme's Old Tom in hds. **SHERRY**—Many different qualities in case & cask; **PORT**—do. do. **CLARET**—Chateau la Rose do. **BRITISH WINES**—Raspberry, Currant, Ginger &c. **PRESERVED MEATS**—Best English in 1 lb. and 2 lb. tins for Up-Country; **SUGAR**—English Loaf, Cassia No. 1; **CHEESE**—Best North Wiltshire, in fine order; **CONFECTIONERY**—Wetherspoon's celebrated Scotch; **BISCUITS**—In 1 lb. and 2 lb tins for family use; **SOAP**—English yellow, in 18 lb. and 112 lb. boxes; **OLIVE OIL**—Fisher, in small boxes; **OATMEAL**—Best Scotch, in 112 lb. kegs; **ROPE**—Europe, all sizes 2 to 5 inches; **POWDER**—Sporting, in lb. and 1 lb. **CANVAS**—Hemp of Superior quality, all numbers; **OILMEN'S STORES**—Pastes, Chutnee, Pickles &c.; **MATCHES**—In wooden boxes; **SLATES**—Duchess; **GALVANIZED IRON**—For roofing & other purposes; **JACKETS**—Strong, Government pattern. ja31 1y

Furniture!

BY LATE ARRIVALS, the undersigned have received additions to their hitherto well-assorted stock of Furniture, and now offer

Painted Sets—10 pieces;
Extension Tables—8 and 10 feet long;
Centre Tables—serpentine, and round tops, assorted sizes;
Card Tables—harp and square pillars;
Common Tables—24, 3 and 3½ long;
Bedsteads—Mahogany, French, Cottage, double and single;
Longues—spring seats, in damask and leather covers;
Sofas—spring seats, hair cloth with round and pillowed ends;
Desks—with full and door fronts;
Cheffonières—walnut and mahogany, carved front, shelves, and fret work;
Bureaux—one-half marble top, scroll, and painted pine, four and six drawers;
What-nots—walnut and mahogany, 5 and 6 shelves;
Mirrors—in gilt and mahogany frames, assorted sizes, for parlors, chambers, and saloons;
Children's Crib and Cradles—Also high and low chairs, assorted sizes;
Chairs—mahogany, haircloth, spring seats, cane and wood seat, office, oak, dining, Grecian cane, heavy bar-room, and common wood seat;
Rockers—spring seats, mahogany and cane seats and backs, sewing and arm;
Sinks—washstands, chair cushions, coverlets, towel racks, willow cribs, &c.

—ALSO—

BEDDING.
Pulu, curled hair, moss, wool, and straw mattresses, best feather pillows, all sizes; in the manufacture of which we use only the best materials, and guarantee all our work.
PIERCE & SEYMOUR.
Broad-street, between Yates and View streets.
fe4-1c Victoria V.1

PIONEER SALOON.

Mr. J. T. SCOTT

HAS THE PLEASURE of informing his old friends, and the travelling public generally, that he is still to be found at the north-east corner of Lytton-square, where the thirsty are invited to call and try a sample

—OF HIS—

Wines, Ales and Liquors, which he flatters himself are as good as can be produced in the Colony. In connection with the Saloon he has just opened a splendid

Billiard Hall, which is furnished with three first-class Billiard Tables, with marble beds and Phelan's composition cushions; and being well lighted and ventilated, possesses all the facilities for enjoying a quiet game at Billiards. ju11

New Boot and Shoe Shop

MARY-STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY,
Boots and Shoes made and repaired.

W. WOODMAN.

New Westminster Feb. 1861.

fy 12-1m

New Advertisements.

J. A. Webster

HAVING JUST ARRIVED WITH A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

WINTER GOODS

AND

CLOTHING,

Would call the attention of the public generally to the same, the Stock being one of the LARGEST ever offered for inspection in New Westminster.

DRY GOODS!

Silks, Poplins, Cashmeres, De Regas, Organdies, Princettas, Mohairs, Repps, Winceys, Delains,

AND

WORSTED DRESS GOODS!

of EVERY DESCRIPTION, together with a large selection of

HOYLE'S ENGLISH PRINTS

Cashmere, Chenille, Woolen and Tweed Scarfs and Square Shawls; Black and Colored Mantles.

AN ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' GENTS' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

HOSIERY & GLOVES

IN ENDLESS VARIETY AND STYLE.

Damasks, Linens, Hollands, Towelings, Sheetings, Tickings, Shirtings, Flannels, &c., &c.

BALTIC SHIRTS,
WHITE SHIRTS,
REGATTA SHIRTS,
SHIRT COLLARS,
TIES, SCARFS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING!

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

ENGLISH CLOTHING,

OF THE BEST QUALITY AND LATEST STYLES, CONSISTING OF

Tweed Suits, Tweed & Cassimere Sack & Frock Coats,

Beaver Sack and Frock Coats,

Beaver, Whitney and Reversible Over Coats; Tweed, Cassimere & Cloth Pants and Vests, &c., &c.

Boots & Shoes

The Stock of BOOTS AND SHOES will by far exceed anything ever before offered, having been manufactured expressly for this Market, and under the personal supervision of Mr. Cowper, of the firm of WEBSTER & CO., (who has just arrived from England) and consists of

ENGLISH BELMONT AND WATER TIGHT BOOTS,
" BLUCHER AND OXFORD SHOES,
" NAIL NAPOLÉON MISING BOOTS,
" RIDING BOOTS,
" CALF, CARPET & MOROCCO SLIPPERS
LADS', MISSES', AND INFANTS' BOOTS & SHOES of every variety, size and description.
LADIES' LAMB-LINED BOOTS, FOR WINTER.
" ELASTIC, SIDE LACE & BALMORAL BOOTS
GENTS' LINED BOOTS, FOR WINTER WEAR.
" FRENCH DRESS CALF SEWED BOOTS.
" " CALF AND ENAMELLED
GAITER BOOTS, &c., &c.

BALMORAL SKIRTS

HOOP SKIRTS, &c., &c.

FLOOR OIL CLOTH

12, 2, 2½ YARDS WIDE.

Table Oil Cloth.

A LARGE STOCK OF

Wall Paper, Paper Hangings, Window Curtains, Shades, Fixtures, &c.,

Just Received, together with a host of other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES at

J. A. WEBSTER'S,

Columbia-street.

Rubber Blankets, Rubber Boots, White, Green, Blue and Red Blankets, Overshirts, Pants, and Miners' Outfits complete at

J. A. WEBSTER'S,

Columbia street, New Westminster.

ja24

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
Is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning,
and sent by Express
To Every part of the Colony,
as well as to
Victoria, Washington Territory, Oregon
and California.

Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates, and
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING
of every description executed in a prompt and work-
man-like manner.

The British Columbian.
NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, APR. 29, 1863.

THE DRUNKARD'S RAGGED WEAN.

There's a wee, ragged laddie
Gangin' wae 'throu the street,
Wading amang the snow;
Wi' his wee, hackett feet:
Shivering wi' the cold blast,
Greeting wi' the pain.
Wha's the puir wee callan?
He's the drunkard's ragged wean.

He stands at the door,
And kecks wi' wistful e'e,
He sees the crowd around the fire,
A' laughing loud wi' glee;
But he dar na venture in,
Though his heart be e'er so fain,
For he unna' play wi' decent bairns—
The drunkard's ragged wean.

He keeps na' father's love,
Nor tender mither's care,
To soothe his wee bit sorrows,
Or comb his towzie hair—
To kiss him when he sakes,
Or smooth his bed at e'en;
For oh! there's nae to love the bairn,
The puir wee ragged wean.

Oh! pity the wee bit bairnie,
Sae guileless and sae young;
The curse that leaves his father's lips
Will settle on his tongue,
And sinfu' words his mither speaks
His infant lips will strain;
For oh! there's nae to guide the bairn,
The drunkard's ragged wean.

Then come and let us try and turn
That sinfu' father's heart,
And try and get his mither
To act a mither's part;
And mak' them leave the drunkard's cup,
And never touch again,
And cherish wi' a parent's love
The puir wee ragged wean.

YALE CHURCH-BUILDING FUND.

A tea meeting was held at the Institute in
this town on the evening of the 20th inst., in aid
of the above fund. Tea and viands were pre-
pared by Mr. Davison, of the Colonial Hotel, and
at least forty guests, male and female, sat down
to partake of his good fare. E. H. Sanders, Esq.,
was in the chair, and Mr. Commeline vice-chair-
man. The Ven. the Archdeacon of British Colum-
bia addressed the meeting in an able and effec-
tive manner, and was loudly applauded when
he sat down. After this the Rev. A. C. Garrett
delivered a lecture on the subject, "What shall
we do with the Indians?" The chairman, Rev.
E. Robson and vice-chairman, then secretary,
addressed the meeting, after which "God save
the Queen" was played and sung with great
heartiness. The whole affair went off well; and
a great deal of credit is due the Rev. H. Reeve
for the energy he has displayed in erecting not
only a place of worship for his flock, but a very
handsome ornament to our town. The nett sum
realized by the sale of tickets, and at the opening
services on the previous day, was \$60.—Com.
Yale, B. C., April 22nd, 1863.

NAPOLEON AND THE ALGERIANS.

We have before us a very remarkable docu-
ment from the pen of the French Emperor re-
specting the future Government of Algeria,
addressed to the Duke de Malakoff, Governor
General of Algeria, which does honor alike to
the wisdom and humanity of that great man.
After alluding to the extent and capacity of the
country as well as paying a tribute to the energy
of the people, while at the same time admitting
the evil influences of uncertainty as to the ten-
ure of what they possess, he goes on to say:
—"It is now necessary to convince the
Arabs that we have not come to Algeria to
oppress and despoil them, but to bring them the
benefits of civilization. Now, the first condition
of civilized society is respect for every man's
rights. It will, perhaps, be objected that the
Arabs have no rights. The Sultan was formerly
sole proprietor of the soil, and conquest trans-
ferred it to us with the same title. What! Should
the state avail itself of the obsolete principles of
Mahometanism to despoil the old possessors of
the soil, and, in a land become French, should it
invoke the despotic rights of the Grand Turk?
Such a pretension is exorbitant; and, were it to
be enforced, it would be necessary to drive back
the whole Arab population into the desert, and
inflict on it the fate of the Indians of North Amer-
ica—a measure impossible and inhuman."

In reading the above one is forcibly impressed
with the contrast between the sentiments therein
enunciated and the policy, or, perhaps, it would
be more proper to say want of policy, pursued
towards the Indians of these Colonies. And
we cannot reasonably assume that the fault lies
with Her Majesty the Queen; for any one who
remembers the glorious sentiments contained in
Her proclamation to the people of India, subse-
quent to the last mutiny, must believe her incap-
able of either indifference or neglect in respect
to the rights and interests of the native tribes of
her North American possessions. We are rather
disposed to blame Governor Douglas and that
company of fur traders with which he is still
closely identified for the disgraceful fact that
during these five years the first step has not
been taken to protect the rights and promote the
interests of the Indians.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

New Advertisements.
G. TRANFIELD,
DEALER IN
FISH AND GAME
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Orders from up-river towns invited and carefully at-
tended to.
A good article guaranteed and charges very mod-
erate.
Water Street, New Westminster,
March 13th, 1863.

HARDIE'S HOTEL.
New Westminster, B. C.
H. V. EDMONDS, PROPRIETOR.
THIS HOUSE offers accommodation equal to any in
the Colony, at extremely moderate prices.
ALES, WINES, SPIRITS AND CIGARS
of the best brands Constantly on hand.
Square Meals, 50 cents,
Beds, 50 "
Board per week, 6 dollars,
Board and lodging per week, 8 "
MATTRESSES PROVIDED FREE.
January 20th, 1863.

SELLING OFF
AT
VICTORIA COST PRICES
C. NELSON,
CORNER LIVERPOOL WHARF, NEW WESTMINSTER,
British Columbia,
Having occasion to retire from business for a short
period, has determined to sell off his present stock of
Dry Goods
AND
CLOTHING,
Boots & Shoes,
Hats & Caps,
Groceries
AND
Provisions,
Hardware,
&c., &c.,

at Victoria Cost Prices, for Cash. Those who desire
great bargains would do well to give his stock an early
inspection.
All outstanding accounts must be settled im-
mediately.
New Westminster, Feb. 24th, 1863.

British Columbia
STAGE COMPANY.
(LIMITED.)
THE COMPANY'S STAGES, carrying Passengers
and Express Freight, run regularly between
Douglas and Lillooet,
Leaving each Town every morning.
FINE GOODS are conveyed, with dispatch, over the
route in Light Four-Horse Waggon.
For further information, apply to
STEWART, MELDRUM & CO.,
Victoria,
HENRY HOLBROOK,
New Westminster,
and at the Company's Offices in Douglas and Lillooet

Coal Oil and Camphene,
AND AN ASSORTMENT OF
COAL OIL LAMPS!
FOR SALE BY
M. J. BLACKMAN.
LOUIS HAUTIER'S
HOTEL.
—AND—
BILLIARD SALOON,
Lytton City, B. C.
THIS House is furnished in the best style, and a stock
of excellent LIQUORS and CIGARS kept constantly
on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the
colony. The charges are moderate.
Good Stabling, and Horses constantly on sale at
low prices.
Lytton City, November 16, 1862.

MACONDALD'S
UNION HOTEL.
THE PROPRIETOR has just enlarged and finished
in good style the above House, and hopes by strict
attention to business, and the comfort of guests, to
merit a share of the travelling community.
Private Rooms
fitted up with all the
LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.
Douglas, B. C., August 12th, 1862.

BONDED WAREHOUSE.
500 Tons Storage.
THE NEW FIRE-PROOF BRICK WAREHOUSE, in
Lytton Square, New Westminster, has been declar-
ed by the Government to be a Bonded Warehouse on
and after this date.
Merchants and Shippers to British Columbia, who
wish to store merchandise in bond or duty free, are au-
thorized that 500 tons can be stored in the New Brick
Warehouse.
HARRIS & CO.
New Westminster, October 28, 1861.

M. J. BLACKMAN,
MANUFACTURER OF
Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron,
AND DEALER IN
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Crockery,
and Glassware.
JOBBER done in a neat manner, and with dispatch.
LEADERS and GUTTERS made on short notice, and
at reasonable prices.
New Westminster, April 28, 1862.

New Advertisements.
PRINTING
—FOR THE—
MILLION!

Posters,
Circulars,
Bill-Heads,
Business Cards,
Steamboat Tickets,
Programmes,
Way-Bills,
Pamphlets,
Labels,
—AND—
Printed Forms
of every description, executed in a manner
That will Defy Competition!

Every Business Man should use printed Bill-
heads, as they not only save time, but look
more business-like, and serve as an advertise-
ment.
Every Keeper of a Public House should have
printed Cards for distribution amongst the
Miners, and large Show Cards, in colors, to
exhibit on Steamboats, and in Hotels, &c.
Every Steamboat Owner, Merchant, Trader,
Hotel-keeper, or Expressman, doing business
in this Colony, should get his Printing done
in the office of the

'BRITISH COLUMBIAN,'
LYTTON SQUARE,
NEW WESTMINSTER,
WHERE ENTIRE SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED
—OF—
THE PRINTING PLANT
of the 'BRITISH COLUMBIAN' Newspaper, he is now
prepared to execute with promptitude every description
—OF—
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL
JOB PRINTING
In a style and at prices which will compare favorably
with any office upon the Pacific coast.
Orders from the interior are invited, and will receive
careful and prompt attention.
JOHN ROBSON.
New Westminster, B. C., April, 1862.

MACONALD'S
UNION HOTEL.
THE PROPRIETOR has just enlarged and finished
in good style the above House, and hopes by strict
attention to business, and the comfort of guests, to
merit a share of the travelling community.
Private Rooms
fitted up with all the
LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.
Douglas, B. C., August 12th, 1862.

BONDED WAREHOUSE.
500 Tons Storage.
THE NEW FIRE-PROOF BRICK WAREHOUSE, in
Lytton Square, New Westminster, has been declar-
ed by the Government to be a Bonded Warehouse on
and after this date.
Merchants and Shippers to British Columbia, who
wish to store merchandise in bond or duty free, are au-
thorized that 500 tons can be stored in the New Brick
Warehouse.
HARRIS & CO.
New Westminster, October 28, 1861.

M. J. BLACKMAN,
MANUFACTURER OF
Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron,
AND DEALER IN
Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Crockery,
and Glassware.
JOBBER done in a neat manner, and with dispatch.
LEADERS and GUTTERS made on short notice, and
at reasonable prices.
New Westminster, April 28, 1862.

MACONDALD'S
UNION HOTEL.
THE PROPRIETOR has just enlarged and finished
in good style the above House, and hopes by strict
attention to business, and the comfort of guests, to
merit a share of the travelling community.
Private Rooms
fitted up with all the
LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.
Douglas, B. C., August 12th, 1862.

BONDED WAREHOUSE.
500 Tons Storage.
THE NEW FIRE-PROOF BRICK WAREHOUSE, in
Lytton Square, New Westminster, has been declar-
ed by the Government to be a Bonded Warehouse on
and after this date.
Merchants and Shippers to British Columbia, who
wish to store merchandise in bond or duty free, are au-
thorized that 500 tons can be stored in the New Brick
Warehouse.
HARRIS & CO.
New Westminster, October 28, 1861.

New Advertisements.
EASE AND HEALTH TO THE SICK
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.
DISEASES OF THE SKIN.
Universal approbation has been awarded to this fam-
ous Ointment for its efficiency in removing diseases of
the skin. For scrofula, scurvy, scald heads, and all
eruptions of the skin, both in infancy and mature years,
no remedy can be applied which so quickly cures as
Holloway's Ointment. In the nursery it should always
be at hand to ease the many skin affections to which
the majority of children are liable. In all heat and
tooth rashes, the Ointment is wonderfully cooling and
curative. To soldiers, sailors, miners, and travellers in
foreign lands, it is invaluable.

SORES, WOUNDS, BAD BREASTS, BAD LEGS.
In this class of maladies, an improvement in the ap-
pearance of the disease of the patient, follows the first
dressing with the Ointment.
It must not only be smeared on the wound, or sore,
but be briskly rubbed for some inches round about the
diseased swollen or painful parts. It will penetrate to
the blood vessels, nerves, and muscles, and even to the
bone, and will exercise the most wholesome, healing,
and purifying power over every tissue requisite for thor-
ough reparation. The effect of the Ointment is increas-
ed by fomenting with warm water before the Ointment
is rubbed in; but sores, when healing, should never be
cleansed with sponge or anything else, as the young
and new flesh which appears like a cream, would be
washed away.

BLOOD TO THE HEAD, APOPLEXY.
Nothing gives so much ease in these complaints from
which so many suffer, as Holloway's cooling and heal-
ing Ointment. When rubbed upon the spine it acts
most energetically in drawing surplus blood from the
brain, even to children in teething; this Ointment has
a marvellous effect in preventing fits and convulsions,
so often attendant on tooth-cutting. The Pills should
be used according to the directions.

RHEUMATISM, GOUT, STIFF JOINTS.
Every one suffering from these painful affections
should use this purifying Ointment, as it has rescued
thousands from a life of torture, after every other means
had been tried in vain. The Ointment should be well
rubbed into the skin at least twice a day, after it has
been properly fomented with warm salt water, and dried.
The inflammation soon yields, and the patient no longer
helpless, resumes his accustomed occupation.

To combat these diseases with success, a remedy is
required which will have the whole absorbent system
under its control. Such a remedy is Holloway's Oint-
ment, when rubbed on the skin; it penetrates to the
glands, and removes any obstruction or impurity which
may be impeding their healthy action. This Ointment
acts on the very mainspring of life, for through the
glands pass all new matter required for the body's re-
paration; in all the above class of cases, the Ointment
and Pills used conjointly will act so searchingly, and
certainly, as to effect cures in the most deplorable cases.

PISTILAS AND PILLS.
All inflammations and ulcerations of sensitive parts
may be presently relieved, and ultimately cured, by the
diligent use of this cooling and healing Ointment, aided
twice daily by bathing the parts in cold water. Imme-
diate ease springs from this treatment; perseverance is
necessary to effect a permanent cure.

ASTHMA, SHORTNESS OF BREATH.
In these complaints the Ointment should be well rub-
bed twice a day upon the chest, and between the shoul-
ders; it will penetrate to the lungs, stimulate them to
renewed exertions, prevent stagnation of blood, moder-
ate the pulsations at the heart, regulate the current of
air through the bronchial tubes, and thus effect a perma-
nent cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following
cases:—
Bad Legs, Chapped Hands, Scalds,
Bad Breasts, Contracted and Sore Nipples,
Burns, Stiff Joints, Sore-throats,
Bleeds, Elephantiasis, Skin-diseases,
Bite of Mosquitoes, Fish-bone, Scarcy,
and Sand-Flies, Gout, Sore-heads,
Coco-bay, Glandular Swellings, Tumors,
Chilblains, Rheumatism, Ulcers,
Chilblains, Rheumatism, Wounds,
Cancers, Piles, Yaws,
Chilblains, Rheumatism, Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY
244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all re-
sponsible Druggists and Dealers in Medicines through-
out the civilized world, at the following prices:—Is.
1/6, 2s. 6d., 4s., 6s., 11s., 22s. and 33s. each Pot.
* * * There is a considerable saving by taking the
larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in
every disorder are affixed to each Pot.
CURTIS & MOORE, and LANGLEY BROS.'s, Agents,
Yates-street, Victoria, V. I.

BOSTON BAR
HOTEL,
BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.
THE Subscribers flatter themselves that they will
give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them
with their patronage. A stock of the choicest
Liquors and Cigars
constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Pies,
etc. Prices very low.
Boston Bar, B. C., June 25, 1861.

JUST RECEIVED.
AT THE
GOVERNMENT BAKERY,
AND
FAMILY GROCERY.
1000 Sacks Golden Gate Flour.
400 " Crescent City "
400 " Pioneer "
600 " National "
50 " Pacific "
50 kegs Golden Syrup. (superior.)
50 boxes Candles.
25 cases Lard.
10,000 lbs. Oregon and Eastern Bacon,
with a very large general assortment of Fresh Groceries
on sale at
Unprecedentedly Low Prices.
Wholesale or Retail by
PHILIP HICK,
New Westminster, October 7th, 1862.

JUST RECEIVED.
AT THE
GOVERNMENT BAKERY,
AND
FAMILY GROCERY.
1000 Sacks Golden Gate Flour.
400 " Crescent City "
400 " Pioneer "
600 " National "
50 " Pacific "
50 kegs Golden Syrup. (superior.)
50 boxes Candles.
25 cases Lard.
10,000 lbs. Oregon and Eastern Bacon,
with a very large general assortment of Fresh Groceries
on sale at
Unprecedentedly Low Prices.
Wholesale or Retail by
PHILIP HICK,
New Westminster, October 7th, 1862.

JUST RECEIVED.
AT THE
GOVERNMENT BAKERY,
AND
FAMILY GROCERY.
1000 Sacks Golden Gate Flour.
400 " Crescent City "
400 " Pioneer "
600 " National "
50 " Pacific "
50 kegs Golden Syrup. (superior.)
50 boxes Candles.
25 cases Lard.
10,000 lbs. Oregon and Eastern Bacon,
with a very large general assortment of Fresh Groceries
on sale at
Unprecedentedly Low Prices.
Wholesale or Retail by
PHILIP HICK,
New Westminster, October 7th, 1862.

New Advertisements.
CARIBOO
—000—
EVERY PERSON SHOULD KNOW

THAT THE
Shortest, Best and Cheapest
ROUTE
TO THE
CARIBOO MINES
IS VIA THE
YALE AND LYTTON
WAGON ROAD.

The chained distances on the Yale and Lytton Road are
as follows:
From Yale to Boston Bar, 28 Miles,
" Boston Bar to Lytton, 32 "
" Lytton to McLean's, 47 "
" McLean's to Junction of Wagon Roads, 19 "
Distance from Yale to Junction, 124 "

COMPARE THE ABOVE
with the following distances set down by Lillooet
Shippers:
From Douglas to Lillooet, 110 Miles
" Lillooet to Junction, 47 "
Dist. from Douglas to Junction, 157 "

THE JUNCTION
is the point at which the Wagon Roads intersect, each
other, and where the Cariboo-bound traveller by the
Yale-Lytton and Douglas-Lillooet routes MUST meet.
It will, therefore, be seen by the above figures that the
traveller by YALE and LYTTON has
THIRTY-THREE MILES LESS TRAVEL
than if he went by the Douglas-Lillooet route.

Remember that on this Route there
are NO PORTAGES where Goods or An-
imals may be detained.

Messrs. DUNIG, LANE, BLACK, and other Carriers
of Merchandise, advertise to

Carry Freight from Yale to Lytton
\$20 per Ton Less

than is or will be charged on the Douglas-Lillooet route.

The New and Splendid Steamer

RELIANCE!
CONNECTS WITH THE VICTORIA STEAMER
ENTERPRISE,
and conveys her Freight and Passengers, to Yale at
greatly reduced rates.

SHIPPERS
desirous of getting Freight through to Cariboo this
season are advised to
Shun the Douglas-Lillooet Route!

and are referred to the testimony adduced in the
COMMONS CASE, wherein witnesses have stated upon
oath that **15, 20, or even 30 days** is a REASON-
ABLE TIME to convey Freight from Douglas to Lillooet.

Five Days Only are required to
Carry Goods from Yale to Lytton,
and
SHIPPERS ARE ASSURED

that if Freight is carried from Douglas to Lillooet for
Two Cents per lb.,

Carriers are prepared to Carry
FREIGHT FROM YALE TO LYTTON

WITH SAFETY AND DESPATCH, FOR
One Cent Per Pound!!!

All those who allow themselves to be crammed by
Douglasites this year need expect no sympathy from
the public if they get broke trying to get goods through
that route.

Remember the Cranford affair; and steer clear
of extortion and delays.

Travel the Yale and Lytton Wagon Road to
the Cariboo Mines.

New and Commodious HOTELS have been erect-
ed at convenient distances along the entire length of
the route, where FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS for both
man and beast are bestowed at MODERATE RATES.

For CHEAPNESS, DESPATCH, EASE and SECURITY
choose the YALE and LYTTON ROUTE in preference
to all others in British Columbia.

Printed and published every Wednesday and Saturday, by John
Robson, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster, in the
Colony of British Columbia.